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Fax 352-372-7066 HGNC Name: N.A. UniProt: Q6YGZ0 RRID: AB 2572314

Immunogen: The prot-r-AcGFP recombinant protein

purified from E. coli

Format: Affinity purified antibody at 1mg/mL in 50% PBS, 50% glycerol plus 5mM NaN₃

Storage: Store at 4°C for short term, for longer term at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Recommended dilutions: WB: 1:1,000-5,000 IF/IHC: 1:1,000-5,000

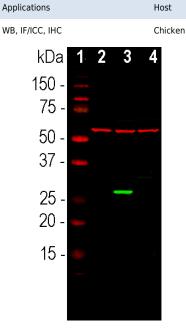
References:

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- 5. Chalfie M, et al. Green Fluorescent protein as a marker for gene expression. Science 263:802-5 (1994).
- 6. Heim R, Prasher DC, Tsien RY. Wavelength mutations and post-translational autoxidation of green fluorescent protein. PNAS 91:12501-04
- 7. Ormo M, et al. Crystal structure of the Aequorea victoria green fluorescent protein. Science 273:1392-95 (1996).
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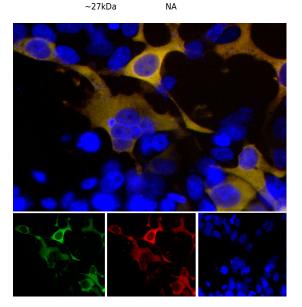
Green Fluorescent Protein Chicken Polyclonal Antibody

CPCA-GFP

Species Cross-Reactivity



Western blot analysis of HEK293 cell lysates using goat pAb to GFP, GPCA-GFP, dilution 1:1,000, in green: [1] protein standard, [2] nontransfected control cells. [3] cells transfected with a GFP construct and [4] cells transfected with an mCherry construct. Strong band at ~27kDa corresponds to GFP protein detected only in cells transfected with GFP construct. This antibody does not recognize the mCherry protein. The blot was simultaneously probed with chicken pAb to HSP60, CPCA-HSP60, dilution 1:10,000, in red. The single band at 60kDa represents HSP60 protein expressed in all preparations.



Molecular Wt.

Immunofluorescent analysis of transfected HEK293 cells with a GFP fusion protein construct, in green, and stained with chicken pAb to GFP. CPCA-GFP, dilution 1:1.000, in red. The blue is DAPI staining of nuclear DNA. The CPCA-GFP antibody reveals GFP protein expressed only in transfected cells, and as a result these cells appear golden yellow in color. Top, merged image, bottom individual channels.

Background:

The green fluorescent protein (GFP) is a 27kDa protein isolated originally from the jellyfish *Aequoria victoria*. It has an endogenous fluorochrome activity with excitation maximum at 395nm and emission maximum at 509nm, which is similar to that of fluorescein (1,2). The GFP gene was sequenced and the origin of the fluorochrome by autocatalytic activity of certain amino acids was discovered (3,4). Much interest in GFP was generated when it was shown that fluorescence develops rapidly when the protein is expressed and requires only molecular oxygen and no other cofactors. As a result GFP can be expressed in fluorescent form in essentially any prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell (5). GFP has been engineered to produce a vast number of variously colored mutants including blue, cyan and yellow protein derivatives, BFP, CFP and YFP (6-9). GFP and other fluorescent proteins derived from other Cnidarians (jellyfish, coral and medusa) are widely used as tracers in transfection and transgenic experiments to monitor gene expression and protein localization in vivo and in in vitro. The crystal structure of GFP was determined (7) which allowed amino acid modifications to improve spectral properties and prevent multimerization (8,9). GFP was the basis of the 2008 Nobel prize in chemistry, specifically "for the discovery and development of the green fluorescent protein, GFP".

Isotype

The CPCA-GFP antibody was made against a recombinant GFP construct originating from an Aequoria species which was engineered to improve spectral properties and prevent oligomerization (10). This form of GFP, referred to as AcGFP, is 94% identical to the eGFP developed by Tsien and coworkers and is the form of GFP inserted in the Clontech/Takara pAcGFP and related expression vectors. We also supply the immunogen, PROT-AcGFP. The antibody can be used to verify the expression, size and stability of both AcGFP and eGFP fusion proteins in western blotting experiments and to amplify GFP signals in tissues of transgenic animals. We also supply mouse monoclonal antibodies and rabbit and goat polyclonal antibodies to this protein, MCA-3B11, MCA-1F1, RPCA-GFP and GPCA-GFP.

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Abbreviation Key:

mAb-Monoclonal Antibody pAb-Polyclonal Antibody WB-Western Blot IF-Immunofluorescence ICC-Immunocytochemistry IHC-Immunohistochemistry E-ELISA Hu-Human Mo-Monkey Do-Dog Rt-Rat Ms-Mouse Co-Cow Pi-Pig Ho-Horse Ch-Chicken Dr-D. rerio Dm-D. melanogaster Sm-S. mutans Ce-C. elegans Sc-S. cerevisiae Sa-S. aureus Ec-E. coli.

