Encor Biotechnology Inc. Parvalbumin Chicken Polyclonal Antibody

CPCA-Pvalb

Species Cross-Reactivity

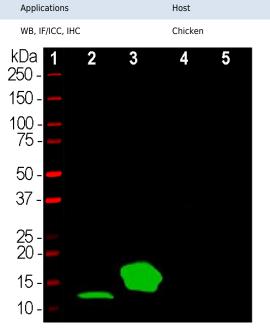
Ordering Information Web www.encorbio.com Email admin@encorbio.com Phone 352-372-7022 Fax 352-372-7066

HGNC Name: PVALB UniProt: P20472 RRID: AB_2572371 Immunogen: Full-length recombinant human protein expressed in and purified from E. coli. Format: Concentrated IgY preparation in PBS plus 0.02% NaN₃ Storage: Store at 4°C Recommended dilutions:

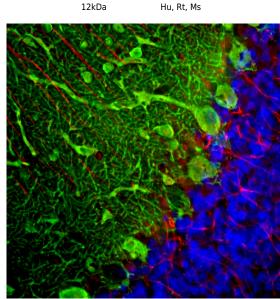
WB: 1:1,000-1:5,000 IF/ICC, IHC: 1:2,000

References:

1. Kretsinger RH, Nockolds CE. Carp Muscle Calcium-binding Protein: II. Structure determination and general description. J. Biol. Chem. 248:3313-26 (1973). 2. Andressen C, Bliimcke I, Celio MR. Calcium-binding proteins: selective markers of nerve cells. Cell Tissue Res. 271:181-208 (1993). 3. Schwaller B, Meyer M, Schiffmann S. 'New' functions for 'old proteins: The role of the calcium binding proteins calbindin D-28k, calretinin and parvalbumin, in cerebellar physiology. Studies with knockout mice. The Cerebellum 1:241-58 (2002). 4. Celio MR. Calbindin D-28k and parvalbumin in the rat nervous system. Neurosci, 35:375-475 (1990), 5. Condé F. et al. Local circuit neurons immunoreactive for calretinin, calbindin D-28k or parvalbumin in monkey prefronatal cortex: Distribution and morphology. J. Comp. Neurol. 341:95-116 (1994). 6. Hof PR, et al. Cellular distribution of the calcium-binding proteins parvalbumin, calbindin, and calretinin in the neocortex of mammals: phylogenetic and developmental patterns. J. Chem. Neuroanat. 16:77-116 1999). 7. Bearzatto B, et al. Mono- and dualfrequency fast cerebellar oscillation in mice lacking parvalbumin and/or calbindin D-28k. Eur. J. Neurosci. 22:861-70 (2005).



Western blot analysis of skeletal muscle lysates and His-tagged recombinant human proteins using chicken pAb to parvalbumin, CPCA-Pvalb, dilution 1:2,000, in green: [1] protein standard (red), [2] mouse muscle, [3] recombinant full length human parvalbumin, [4] recombinant full length human calretinin and [5] recombinant full length human calbindin. Band at 12kDa in muscle lysate is native parvalbumin and 18kDa band in the next lane is His-tagged recombinant parvalbumin. The CPCA-Pvalb antibody binds parvalbumin strongly but is not cross-reactive with the related calcium binding proteins calretinin and calbindin.



Molecular Wt.

Immunofluorescent analysis of a rat cerebellum section stained with chicken pAb to parvalbumin, CPCA-Pvalb, dilution 1:2,000, in green, and costained with mouse mAb to GFAP, MCA-2A5, dilution 1:500, in red. The blue is DAPI staining of nuclear DNA. Following transcardial perfusion of rat with 4% paraformaldehyde, brain was post fixed for 24 hours, cut to 45μ M, and free floating sections were stained with above antibodies. The CPCA-Pvalb antibody labels the perikarya and dendrites of Purkinje cells and interneurons in the molecular layer of the cerebellum. The GFAP antibody stains the processes of Bergmann glia and astrocytes.

Background:

Parvalbumin is a low molecular weight cytoplasmic Calcium binding protein containing the "EF hand" Calcium binding motif and is the first protein characterized in this subclass (1). Parvalbumin is expressed in fast-contracting muscles, in the brain and in some endocrine tissues (2,3). In brain it is particularly concentrated in Purkinje cells and interneurons in the molecular layer, but is also found in many cortical GABAergic interneurons. These GABAergic interneurons in most cases express only one of three Calcium binding proteins, namely parvalbumin, calretinin or calbindin (4-6). Each type of interneuron has distinct electrophysiological properties and as a result, different types of interneuron can be identified and classified based on their content of these three proteins (7). The CPCA-Pvalb antibody was made against full length recombinant human parvalbumin expressed these proteins to check that our various reagents show no cross reactivity. So our antibodies to parvalbumin are useful cell type markers provided, as is the case with this antibody, they do no cross react with the related molecules calretinin or calbindin. EnCor also manufactures a mouse monoclonal antibody to parvalbumin (MCA-3G9, MCA-6A9, RPCA-Calret and CPCA-Calret), allowing double and triple labeling of appropriate cell and tissue samples.

Isotype

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Abbreviation Key:

mAb—Monoclonal Antibody pAb—Polyclonal Antibody WB—Western Blot IF—Immunofluorescence ICC—Immunocytochemistry IHC—Immunohistochemistry E—ELISA Hu—Human Mo—Monkey Do—Dog Rt—Rat Ms—Mouse Co—Cow Pi—Pig Ho—Horse Ch—Chicken Dr—D. rerio Dm—D. melanogaster Sm—S. mutans Ce—C. elegans Sc—S. cerevisiae Sa—S. aureus Ec—E. coli.