

## nCor Neurofilament NF-L Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

## **RPCA-NF-L**

Ordering Information Web www.encorbio.com Email admin@encorbio.com Phone 352-372-7022 Fax 352-372-7066

HGNC Name: NEFL UniProt: P07196 RRID: AB 2572364 Immunogen: Recombinant full length human NF-L protein Format: Supplied as an aliquot of serum plus 5mM NaN<sub>3</sub>

Storage: Store at 4°C for short term, for longer term, store at -20°C

Recommended dilutions: WB: 1: 10,000-1:15,000. IF/ICC: 1:5,000.

## **References:**

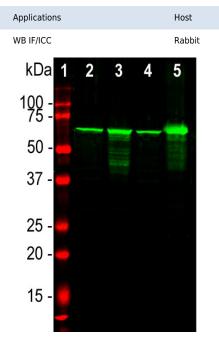
1. Hoffman et al. Neurofilament gene expression:a major determinant of axonal caliber. PNAS 84:3472-6 (1987).

2. Perrot R, et al. Review of the Multiple Aspects of Neurofilament Functions, and their Possible Contribution to Neurodegeneration. Mol. Neurobiol. 38:27-65 (2008).

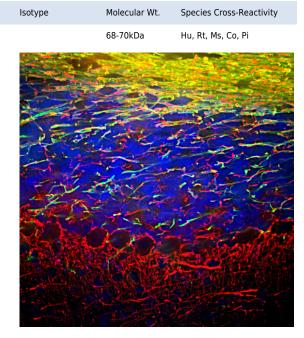
3. Lépinoux-Chambaud C. Eyer J. Review on intermediate filaments of the nervous system and their pathological alterations. Histochem. Cell Biol. 140:13-22 (2013).

4. Liu Q. et al. Neurofilamentopathy in Neurodegenerative Diseases. Open Neurol. J 5:58-62 (2011).

5. Bacioglu M, et al. Neurofilament light chain in blood and CSF as marker of disease progression in mouse models and in neurodegenerative diseases. Neuron 91:56-66 (2016).



Western blot analysis of different tissue lysates using rabbit pAb to NF-L, RPCA-NF-L, dilution 1:20,000. in green. [1] protein standard (red), [2] rat brain, [3] rat spinal cord, [4] mouse brain, [5] mouse spinal cord. The strong band at 68kDa corresponds to the NF-L protein.



Immunofluorescent analysis of mouse cerebellum section stained with rabbit pAb to NF-L, RPCA-NF-L, dilution 1:5,000 in red, and costained with chicken pAb to MBP, CPCA-MBP, dilution 1:5,000, in green. Following transcardial perfusion of mouse with 4% paraformaldehyde, brain was post fixed for 24 hours, cut to 45µM, and free-floating sections were stained with above antibodies. RPCA-NF-L antibody labels dendrites and axons of neuronal cells, and MBP antibody stains myelin sheathes around axons.

## **Background:**

Neurofilaments are the 10nm or intermediate filament proteins found specifically in neurons, and are composed predominantly of three major proteins called NF-L, NF-M and NF-H, though other filament proteins may be included also. The major function of neurofilaments is likely to control the diameter of large axons (1). NF-L is the neurofilament light or low molecular weight polypeptide and runs on SDS-PAGE gels at 68-70kDa with some variability across species. Antibodies to NF-L like MCA-DA2 are useful for identifying neuronal cells and their processes in cell culture and sectioned material. NF-L antibody can also be useful for the visualization of neurofilament rich accumulations seen in many neurological diseases, such as Lou Gehrig's disease (ALS), giant axon neuropathy, Charcot-Marie Tooth disease and others (2-4). Much interest has recently been focused on the detection of NF-L released from neurons into blood and CSF as a surrogate marker of primarily axonal loss in a variety of types of CNS injury and degeneration (5). RPCA-NF-L antibody was made against a preparation of recombinant full length human

NF-L and binds NF-L from a variety of mammalian species including human, rat and mouse. We also generated a highly specific chicken polyclonal antibody, CPCA-NF-L, a rabbit polyclonal antibody to the C-terminal peptide of rat NF-L protein, RPCA-NF-L-ct and mouse monoclonal antibodies, MCA-DA2, MCA-7D1, MCA-1B11, and MCA-6H112.

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Abbreviation Key:

mAb—Monoclonal Antibody pAb—Polyclonal Antibody WB—Western Blot IF—Immunofluorescence ICC—Immunocytochemistry IHC—Immunohistochemistry E—ELISA Hu—Human Mo—Monkey Do—Dog Rt—Rat Ms—Mouse Co—Cow Pi—Pig Ho—Horse Ch—Chicken Dr-D. rerio Dm-D. melanogaster Sm-S. mutans Ce-C. elegans Sc-S. cerevisiae Sa-S. aureus Ec-E. coli.